

- 1486-7.** Arms of Nowina, attrib. to the Młodziejowice mill near Cracow during 1559-86. The mill was on the lands belonging to the Minocki family, who bore the Nowina arms [JSC].
- p. 120a **1491.** Arms of Lubicz. This mark, in various forms, is found in Polish documents dating from 1551-1650 [JSC].
1495. Arms of the Karlovic family, owners of two p-ms at Jirkov (Görkau) during the last quarter of the 16th c. [Zuman (*B133*), pp. 280-1].
- p. 120b **1504.** B G = possibly Balzer Glaser, papermaker at Wernigerode [GP].
- p. 121a **1508.** Perhaps from the Český Krumlov (Krummau on the Moldau) mill [Zuman (*B133*), p. 281].
1510. Add after the dimensions: **Salins**, 1592 [Br. MS].
1511-12. Arms of the Schleinitz family and the paper comes from the mill at Dolní Poustevna (Nieder Einsiedel), established on the family's Bohemian estates in 1569/70 (by Hans ze Šlejšvic), which remained in their possession until 1602 [Zuman (*B133*), p. 277].
- p. 124a **1573.** Var.: BARCELONA, AHCB, Watermark Collection, sheet No. 151A, 1528 [OVS].
- p. 125b **1637-8.** Shield of Orleans with the cross of the passion. The letters below suggest a Norman mill [AHS].
- p. 126a **1644.** Var.: **Mallorca**, 1343. BARCELONA, ACA, Dossier 83 [OVS].
- p. 127a **1664-7.** Attrib. to 'a' Jean Nivelles of Troyes [Le Clerc (*B163*), p. 414].
- p. 129b **1723; 4; 6; 8.** Attrib. to Denis and Jean Chatonru of the Notre Dame mills, Troyes [Le Clerc (*B163*), p. 283].
- p. 131b **1754.** Var.: OLOT, ANOB, Reg. 446, 1481/2 [OVS].
- p. 132ab **1771-3; 1775-7; 1779-81; 1783-5; 1787.** Shield of France with single-line letters appended, typical of Norman mills. Most occur also on Hand and Pot wms: GP, HH, HD, LB, MC, PD [AHS].
- p. 133a l. 5. The p-m. at Nysa (Neisse) was founded in 1496 [Maleczyńska (*B289*), pp. 24, 150; *Ein.*, p. 147].
l. 8↑. Authorship of *De vera sapientia* is now attributed to Nicolaus de Cusa, and the actual edition to P. van Os, Zwolle, 1485 (*Goff N-99*).
- p. 134a **1813.** Attrib. to the Chatonru family of Troyes (Notre Dame mills); transverse bar is due to a mould-wire and has no heraldic significance [Le Clerc (*B163*), p. 284].
- p. 137a **1863-7.** Arms of Topór. Wms with these arms were used from 1537 until 1700 by the mills at Krzeszowice and Tenczynek, situated on the Tenczyński family estates near Cracow; and by the mill at Lublin between 1538-93, when Jan-Stanisław and Jan-Baptysta Tenczyński were *starosti* of Lublin [Badecki (*B271*), p. 16; JSC].
l. 10↑. **1869.** B F = Benedict Frey. The name of the mill is Staré Hory/Jihlava (Altenberg/Iglau) [Zuman (*B133*), p. 283; *Ein.*, p. 140].
- p. 137b **1875.** Arms of Rawicz (damsel seated on a bear), certainly attrib. to a Polish mill. Towards the end of the 16th c. the coat appears on an ornamental escutcheon surmounted by an abbot's mitre and infula [Badecki (*B271*), p. 18; JSC].
- Jado.** Br. was correct in his assignment. A mill exists on the Saulx near the Château of Jean d'Heures today, a few kilometres from Bar-le-Duc. The old mill was administered by the monks of the monastery that preceded the Château but still stands. There are references to the mill in the Meuse Archives from 1482. The mark occurs in the impression of *Ars moriendi* I at the Huntington Library and numerous type-printed books. The Jado mark is discussed on pp. ★23-★24 above [AHS].
- p. 138b **Lettres de l'alphabet.** See also the rubric 'Lettres' pp. 428 seq. in which various letters in shields are reproduced.
1877. Cf. No. 2012.
1879. The Mimoň (Niemes) mill was founded before 1570 [Zuman (*B133*), pp. 281-2; *Ein.*, p. 125].
1880. The Zittau p-m. was founded in 1510 [Thiel (*B116*), p. 55].
- p. 139a **1882.** Attrib. to the brothers Michel and Jacques Le Muet, paper merchants at Troyes (last quarter of the 16th c.) [Le Clerc (*B163*), p. 385].
- p. 139b **1885-6.** Shield of Lisle-en-Rigault. Br. was right—and Le Clerc (who suggests the Moulin de Mussy) wrong—as one learns by visiting the Archives de la Meuse at Bar-le-Duc. The mark occurs in the semi-blockbook *Speculum* III [ca 1474] and numerous typeprinted books. The 'lile' mark is discussed on pp. ★23-★25 and ★30 above [AHS].
- p. 140b l. 4. *For Salins read Dôle* [Br. MS].
1889. Attrib. to the Soters' p-m. at Solingen [Piccard (*B225*), pp. 5-6].
1890. Attrib. to Bergisch-Gladbach p-m. [FPM].
1891. Tentatively attrib. to the Soters' p-m. at Solingen [Piccard (*B225*), p. 7].
- p. 141a l. 2↑. *For Lachenbourg read Lachendorf* [Br. MS].
- p. 141b **1906.** Perhaps the Polish Lewart leopard coat of arms attrib. to the mill at Kock near Lublin [Budka (*B277*), pp. 272-5].
1907. Cf. AC, p. 101b, No. 1238.
1910. The initials ELHZSP possibly stand for Ernst Ludwig Herzog zu Stettin-Pommern [GP].
- p. 142a **1911.** For this mark see Weiss (*B183*).
1912-15, 1917. Probably attrib. to mill at Graz [Thiel (*B123*), p. 39].
1916, 1918. V B = Valentin Brämer, since 1569 or earlier, papermaker at the Steyr Altmühle (in Upper-Austria, not Styria), founded ca 1550. The initials G G stand for Georg Giesser who, after working at the Steyr Altmühle, in 1621 founded the Steyr-Saggraben-Neumühle [*Ein.*, p. 64 and No. 331; Thiel (*B123*), p. 40]. Thiel, *ibid.*, p. 39 considers No. 1916 also attrib. to the same mill.
- p. 143b **1937.** This wm. must be of much later date. It represents the arms of Uelzen, where the p-m. did not start operating until ca 1610 [A. Schulte, 'Papiermühlen- und Waserzeichenforschung', *Gutenberg-Jahrbuch*, 1934, p. 17].
1941. The lettering should probably read THAM (see AC, p. 101b).
- p. 145a **1962 seq.** Attrib. to a mill near Heidelberg [GP].